APRIL 23. 1741. NUMB. 645.

The Pennsylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

BERLIN, December 27.

ADVICE has been receiv'd, that the King having the 22d detach'd three Regiments towards Glogaw, General Reisky, who commanded there at first made a Shew of defending the Place, but having perceiv'd that the Prussians were preparing to erect Batteries, he sent the Keys of the Town to his Majesty.

The following is the Manifesto publish'd by the King of Prussia, upon his entering into Silesia.

" We Frederick, by the Grace of God, &c. to the Inhabitants of the Dutchy of Silesia, send Greeting. As it hath pleased the Almighty to take out of this World the Emperor Charles VI. and thereby to deprive the Empire of its Head, as well as the illustrious House of Austria, which last by the Extinction of the Male Line, finds itself exposed to many troublesome Events, thro' the Pretensions which are form'd to the Succession of his imperial Majesty; Events that have already in part manifested themselves, and which appear upon the point of breaking out like a Conflagration, in which the Dutchy of Silesia is very likely to be involv'd; in the Preservation and Prosperity whereof we have the more interested ourselves, as it serves for a Bulwark and Defence of our Territories in the Empire; and as those who form Pretentions upon the hereditary Countries of the House of Austria may by open Force seize upon this Dutchy, to the great Prejudice of our Dominions, and of those which confine thereupon, as it would probably kindle the Fire of War upon our Frontiers, and expose us to great Dangers: In order therefore to prevent such evil Consequences, at a Time when Europe is threaten'd with a general War, we thought ourselves, from the Principle of Self-Preservation, authoriz'd by the Laws of Nations to prevent the Execution of some Views which seem'd to tend infinitely to our Prejudice; which are in part conceal'd, and partly made publick; and being determined by other powerful and important Reasons, which we will not fail in due time of rendering publick, we caused our Troops to enter Silesia, in order to cover it from every Attack or Invasion to which it was subject: And as we have therein no Intention of disobliging her Royal Majesty of Hungary, with whom we ardently wish to entertain a strict Friendship, and to contribute to her real Interest and Preservation, after the Example of our most glorious Predecessors, which Time will sufficiently make appear; as this is our sole View in this Transaction, and we are now actually employ'd in explaining ourselves to, and coming to a right Understanding with her said Majesty, all and every therefore of the Inhabitants of the Dutchy of Silesia, and of the Provinces and Countries which are in corporated in it, of what Rank or Condition soever, may be assur'd, that no Hostility will be committed against them by us or our Troops, but that on the contrary they will find the Effects of our Royal Protection and powerful Support, in being maintain'd in the Enjoyment of their lawful Rights and Prerogatives, whether publick or private, ecclesiastical or political, of what Religion, State or Dignity soever, and on every Occasion, when it shall be necessary for them. We shall be very attentive in causing our Troops to observe an exact Discipline, that no Body be molested by them, or disturb'd in the Possession of their Property. And we promise ourselves, that not being come amongst the Inhabitants with any evil Intention, but rather for their Good and Advantage, and for the Preservation of Peace in the Country, which is as necessary for them as for us, that they will undertake nothing which shall be contrary to, and shall clash with these gracious and friendly Declarations, and which may oblige us, against our Will, to have Recourse to other Measures, the bad Consequences of which they will have no Body to impute to but themselves.

Done at Berlin, *Dec.* 1. 1740, *and publish'd the* 16.

Sign'd, FREDERICK.

LONDON, January 3.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague.

" The Members of the Government have lately made an Essay of the Credit of the Republick, in order to be better Judges of what it will be capable of doing, in case Things should come into such a Situation as to require extraordinary Expences. For this Purpose it was proposed to borrow Two Millions, which Sum was subscribed for before the Resolution was formally taken, People in the Country having so much Money they really do not know what to do with it. This however gives great Pleasure to the States General, as it shews those who are inclin'd to disturb the Tranquility of the State, that notwithstanding the great Debts it has contracted, it is able to raise considerable Sums without burthening the Subjects with new Taxes, so little are the Sinews of War wanting here. Five Provinces have already consented to a second Augmentation of 10,000 National Troops, and 10,000 Foreigners, to be taken into the Pay of the Republick, in Case of Need. It's thought, that with the new Levies of 10,000 Men, the Regiments will be put upon their ancient Footing of twelve Companies, whereas they have only consisted of ten Companies ever since the Peace of Utrecht.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague.

" The Politicians here have been at a great Loss to find out the Meaning of the Tranquility with which the Court of Vienna sees twenty or thirty thousand Prussians enter into Silesia; one of the richest and most plentiful Countries; and after having given this Conduct every turn that they had been capable of inventing, they seem for the most part to agree in this, that the March of the Prussians into Silesia is

not

not unlikely to be a Scheme concerted between the Queen of Hungary, or the Grand Duke, which is the ſame thing, and the King of Pruſſia, in order to have an Army of Obſervation ready, which may keep the Elector of Bavaria in awe. The Pretence of making good a Right to that Dutchy, or to ſome Part thereof, ſeems to be a Matter well concerted, as it ſtops the Mouth of thoſe who might accuſe the Queen of violating the publick Peace, and of kindling a War in the Empire, (which would apparently, at this Time, be very injurious to the Intereſt of the Grand Duke of Tuſcany) by engaging one Elector to march againſt another upon the bare Suſpicion that the latter might poſſibly form ſome turbulent Deſign. This Agreement between the Queen of Hungary and the King of Pruſſia ſeems ſo much the more probable, as the King of Poland, who is in perfect Underſtanding with the Court of Vienna, is likewiſe aſſembling a Body of 10 or 12,000 Men towards the Frontiers of Sileſia. The Declaration or Manifeſto of his Pruſſian Majeſty has not the leaſt Air of that of an Enemy. In ſhort, the Aſtoniſhment of the Court of France upon receiving the News of the March of the Pruſſians, is what has been the Cauſe, as moſt People here believe, of the Advice his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty has given to the Elector of Bavaria, not to be too precipitate in marching his Troops towards Bohemia. Many People are of Opinion, and pretend to have Grounds for being ſo, that how clear ſoever his Electoral Highneſs may make his Right to the Crowns of Bohemia and Hungary, there would be a Neceſſity for him to make a Conqueſt of theſe two Kingdoms, before he could enjoy them; the exceſſive Catholiciſm of the Houſe of Bavaria, with its Order of Knights for the Defence of the immaculate Conception, would not be at all agreeable to the Taſte of the People of thoſe Countries. It's further thought, that if the Houſe of Auſtria ſhould by any other Means than Conqueſt be depriv'd of theſe Crowns, the Bohemians and Hungarians would make uſe of their Right of Election to give themſelves Maſters.

The following is the Placaert or Proclamation of the States of Holland *and* Weſt-Frieſland, *for a Solemn Day of Thankſgiving, Faſting, and Prayer, on the* 15*th* N. S. (4*th* O. S.) *of* February.

"WHEREAS we are oblig'd with humble Gratitude to acknowledge the Great Goodneſs of the Almighty, who by his adorable Providence has preſerv'd our dear Country in its preſent Condition, notwithſtanding the Sins and Iniquities with which it abounds; ſo that thro' his Grace it ſtill enjoys the ineſtimable Pledges of Liberty and and True Religion: And whereas it has moreover for a long Courſe of Years enjoy'd a deſireable Peace; we are no leſs oblig'd, on the other hand, to reflect ſeriouſly upon the Misfortunes and Chaſtiſements with which God afflicts our Country, and which, in the preſent Juncture, give us Cauſe to fear the Long-ſuffering of the Lord will at length ceaſe, conſidering that Sins and Iniquities inſtead of abating increaſe every Day, notwithſtaning the Bleſſings of the Lord on one Hand, and his Judgments on the other. This Apprehenſion increaſes, when we conſider what a War is kindled between powerful Monarchs, and what Rumours of other Wars are ſpread more and more, the Preparations for which oblige us to arm alſo for our Security and Defence. If, on the other hand, we conſider the ſad Calamities that now oppreſs our dear Country, and threaten it ſtill more, ſuch as the ſharp and tedious Winter, the extraordinary Cold, and the bad Harveſt of the laſt Year, follow'd with the Dearth and Dearneſs of Proviſions; to which have lately ſucceeded terrible Tempeſts, and Inundations over Lands and Houſes, whereby both Men and Cattle have periſh'd. All which we cannot but look upon as marks of God's Wrath, and his heavy Hand upon us; and from whence we have Reaſon to fear other Judgments ſtill more ſevere, if we do not prevent them by a true Repentance and Converſion, and if the Lord is not ſo gracious as by his infinite Mercy to avert them:"

"Therefore the States General of the United Province, after mature Conſideration of all Things, and with a particular Attention to the preſent critical Circumſtances of Times & Affairs, and to the Evils and Calamities under which ſuch Numbers of our Subjects groan, have thought fit to have recourſe to the Mercy of the Almighty, in order to implore his Aſſiſtance, and for this end to appoint a Solemn Day of Thanksgiving, Faſting and Prayer in all the United Provinces, Territories, Towns, &c. on Wenſday the 15th of February next: In the firſt Place to return hearty Thanks to God, with all the Inhabitants of this Country, in all the Churches of theſe Provinces, for all his Goodneſs, Bleſſings and Favours hitherto granted to our dear Country, as the Means to which its preſent Condition is now owing; and in the next Place to humble ourſelves before God, with a full Senſe of our own Unworthineſs, and a ſincere Confeſſion of the Sins and Iniquities of the Country, and every Man of it in particular, as is fitting at all Times eſpecially in Times of Difficulty and Danger, and to pray to him humbly, fervently, and ſeriouſly, with a ſincere Repentance and Converſion, aſſiſted by the Co-operation of his Spirit and Grace, to pardon all the Sins and Iniquities of the Country, to continue his Bleſſing to our dear Republick, to grant it the Continuance of Peace, together with his Almighty Help and Aſſiſtance, for the Preſervation both of the Church and State; to give the Country and its Inhabitants Relief under their Afflictions, and to avert all the other Judgments and Plagues which we have juſtly deſerv'd: That God in his Mercy may vouchſafe to put an End to the Wars there where they are already begun, and prevent them from ſpreading farther and kindling new ones; but that Peace and Tranquility may rather be every-where eſtabliſh'd and preſerv'd: That it may alſo pleaſe the Almighty God by his Grace to ſuccour and maintain his Church, and thoſe who make Profeſſion of the True Chriſtian Religion, where-ever they are oppreſs'd and perſecuted. The whole for the Glory of God's moſt Holy Name, for the Propagation and Advancement of the true, reformed, Chriſtian Religion, for the Preſervation of our Liberty ſo dearly acquir'd, and for the Salvation of our Souls, &c."

NEW-YORK April 20.

By Capt. Bethel, who arrived here laſt Week from Jamaica we hear, that Admiral Vernon was ſeen 20 Leagues Windward of Carthagena, ſtanding for that Place; And (by 7 men who had been Priſoners there, and found means to get to Jamaica) we hear, that Place is in a very bad Condition, very ſickly; that out of 3500 Men there is but 15 hundred Men left, and even thoſe all ſtarving. The brave Capt. Warren, in his Majeſty's Ship the Squirrel, likewiſe went into that Harbour under Dutch Colours, and having viewed the Place, hoiſted his Engliſh Colours in the ſight of the Dons, and returned to the Admiral. And we are told, that there were only eight ſail of Men of War at Carthagena, who lay a-croſs the Harbour with the Top-Maſts ſtruck.

Capt. Warren has, ſince our laſt Account of him, taken two more Prizes of conſiderable Value; and another Ship has taken a French Ship of twenty Guns, who came out as Convoy to a large Fleet of Spaniſh Ships laden with Stores, Proviſions, &c. for Carthagena, but was parted from them. The Admiral by Letters found on board ſaid Ship, having got Intelligence of the Rout they were to take, has diſpoſed ſome of his Ships accordingly.

We alſo hear, that one Thouſand Negroes were ſail'd from Jamaica to join the Admiral.

Juſt now two Sloops arrived here from Jamaica, in 24 Days; but we have not Time to enquire what News, but muſt defer it till our next.

PHILADELPHIA.

On Sunday last died the Reverend Mr. ARCHIBALD CUMMMINGS, Commiſſary of the Province of *Penſylvania*, and the Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent*, and *Suſſex* on *Delawar*, and Miniſter of *Chriſt-Church* in *Philadelphia*. He was a zealous Aſſertor of the Principles of the Chriſtian Religion, a Sincere Profeſſor of the Doctrine of the *Church* of *England*, a faithful Paſtor in his Congregation, an able and inſtructive Preacher, and an eminent Example of Piety and Goodneſs through every Step of his Life and Converſation. In ſhort, He was a Perſon ſo univerſally eſteem'd in this Place for his many good Qualities, but eſpecially for his Charity and Moderation towards all Religious Societies of differing Purſuaſions, that his Death is much lamented by all Sorts of People.

Yeſterday *Lawrence Callaghan* (mentioned in our laſt) was executed here for the Murder of Mr. *Bunting*.

Cuſtom-Houſe, Philadelphia, *Entered Inwards*.

Ship Hampſhire, James Calcot, from Cork.
Ship Greyhound, Patrick Shea, from Dover.
Ship William, John Pearle, from Dublin.
Brigt. Lucy, John Lindſey, from Barbados.
Sloop Suſanah and Mary, Charles Morgan, from Bermuda.

Entred Out. Ship Adriatick, Chriſtopher Huddy, for Cork.
Snow Loyalty, John Flower, for Leverpoole.
Brigt Berſheba, Joſhua Underwood, to Jamaica,
Brigt. Dolphin, Thomas Stamper, for Dublin.
Sloop Dove, James Denn, for Cork.
Scooner Hope, William Marſh, for North Carolina.
Ship Greyhound, Patrick Shea, for South Carolina.

Cleared. Brigt. Revolution, William Clarke, to Barbados.
Snow Catharine, James Williams, to Dublin.
Snow Magaret & Mary, Alexander Sloane, to Dublin.
Brigt. Delaware, Hugh Hill, to Barbados.
Ship Greyhound, Patrick Shea, to South Carolina.
Sloop Mary, David Bevan, to St. Chriſtophers.
Snow Alexander & Ann, Francis Sewer, to Jamaica.
Scooner Hope, William Marſh, to North Carolina.
Sloop James, William Purdue, to Madeira.
Ship Aurora, David Fularton, to Jamaica.

His Excellency the Governor of *New-Jerſey*, having receiv'd the following Letter from the Lords Juſtices, has been pleaſed to diſpatch Copies thereof to the ſeveral Collectors of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms in his Government, and to require of them a ſtrict and punctual Obedience thereunto.

SIR, *Whitehall*, 2d *October*, 1740.

"THEIR Excellencies the Lords Juſtices, to whom his Majeſty has entruſted the Adminiſtration of the Government, during his Abſence, having been informed, that great Quantities of Proviſions have been exported from ſeveral of his Majeſty's Colonies in *North-America* for the Uſe of foreign Colonies, which may, in the preſent Conjuncture, be highly prejudicial to his Majeſty's Service; Their Excellencies have commanded me to ſignify to you their Directions, that you ſhould prevent, as far as poſſible, the Exportation of any Proviſions from the Province under your Government to any foreign Colony whatever; and in order thereto, that you ſhould cauſe all Ships, laden with Proviſions, and not in his Majeſty's Service, that ſhall ſail from any of the Ports within your Government, to give ſufficient Security to land the ſaid Proviſions in ſome of his Majeſty's Dominions.

I am,
SIR,
Your moſt obedient,
Humble Servant,

Governor of New-Jerſey, *Sign'd*, ANDREW STONE.

Monday next will be publiſhed the General Magazine *for* March 1741,

Juſt publiſhed,

CHRIST *Triumphing, and Satan Raging:*

A SERMON *on Matt.* xii. 28. *Wherein is proven, that the Kingdom of* GOD *is come unto us at this Day. Firſt preached at Nottingham, in Penſilvania, Jan.* 20, 1740,1. *And now publiſhed for the common Benefit. By* SAMUEL FINLEY, *Preacher of the Goſpel.*

In the Preſs, and ſpeedily will be publiſhed,

A LETTER from the Rev. Mr. *G. Whitefield*, to the Rev. Mr. John Weſley, in anſwer to his Sermon, entitled, FREE GRACE. Gal. ii. 11. *But when* Peter *was come to* Antioch, *I withſtood him to the Face, becauſe he was to be blamed.* Printed and Sold by B. Franklin.

For SOUTH-CAROLINA directly,

THE Brigt. Lucy, John Lindſay, Maſter, now lying at Samuel Auſtin's Wharfe: Will ſail in twelve or fourteen Days. For Freight or Paſſage agree with Peter Bard, or with ſaid Maſter on board.

TO BE SOLD

By way of Vendue, on the 8th Day of May next.

THE dwelling Houſe of William Prot deceaſed, in the townſhip of Eveſham, and county of Burlington, a new frame houſe, 28 feet by 18 with three fire places in it, and two rooms upon a floor, and a cellar under one part of the houſe, the lower rooms are brick, pained and plaſtered; a new ſmith's ſhop with two forges in it, and a good pump. There are three acres and a quarter of land belonging to it near one half of it meadow; it lieth about two miles above Ancocus ferry, upon navigable water and joining to a griſt mill; it is ſuitable for a tradeſman or Merchant.

TO BE SOLD

By Publick Vendue, to the higheſt Bidder, on the twelfth Day of May enſuing.

BY John Anderſon, a tract of Land containing two hundred acres, about thirty ſeven cleared, with good orchard (within two miles of a mill) and ſome meadow cleared, and twenty more may be cleared. Likewiſe there is ten acres of marſh fronting the river, lying in the townſhip of Greenwich, in Weſt-New-Jerſey and County.

RUN away on the 20th of March from James Baldwin, Briſtol townſhip, Philadelphia county, a ſervant man, named Thomas Holt, an Iriſhman, aged about 28 years, by trade a joiner, of middle ſtature, well ſet, bow leg'd, and walks wide between his knees, and wears his own hair: Had on when he went away, a lightiſh colour'd coat with mohair buttons, and lin'd with lightiſh ſhalloon, ſmall ſtriped woolen Waſtcoat, without ſleeves, leather breeches, homeſpun ſhirt, blue worſted ſtockings, half worn ſhoes, half worn caſtor hat. Whoever takes up the ſervant, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Twenty-ſhillings reward, and reaſonable charges paid by

Phila. April 23. 1741, James Baldwin.

RUN away from the Subſcriber hereof, laſt Sunday night the twelfth of this Inſtant April, two ſervant men, one named Charles McGlachon, a tall luſty fellow, a Hilandman born, he ſpeaks good engliſh, much pock marked, with ſhort black hair, a pretty good carpenter and profeſſes to be a ſailor: Had on when he went away, a duroy coat patched at the elbows, a camlet Jacket double breaſted of a bluiſh colour, and a homeſpun Jacket of ſky blue, two ozenbrigs ſhirts, one pair of ſtriped holland trowſers, a pair of camlet breeches of a greeniſh colour, one pair of new calfſkin ſhoes peaked toe'd, and one pair of oval toe'd ſhoes half ſoled, a pair of yarn ſtockings ragged and furow'd, a caſtor hat half worn, a check ſhirt half worn. He was whipt at Dover for ſtealing a ſheep, and liſted with Captain Jenkins at New-Caſtle.

The other an Iriſhman born, named Thomas Ounges, he ſpeaks much with the brogue upon his tongue, a thick ſhort fellow of a ſwarthy complexion, down look, high eye brows, he can write pretty well, and we ſuppoſe that he has forged a paſs for themſelves; he came in laſt fall to Meſſrs. Davy and Carſon: Had on when he went away, a brown cloth coat with yellow lining, a red jacket, a fine linnen ſhirt, homeſpun trowſers, pretty good ſhoes, a new beaver hat, yarn ſtockings, with buſhy hair. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have Five Pounds as a reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Phila. April 23. 1741. *Charles White and Robert Gray.*

LENT or taken by Miſtake, about two Weeks ago, a Paduaſoy Bonnet lin'd with black Silk. This Bonnet being the Second the Owner has lately loſt, ſhe has none now to wear: The Poſſeſſor is deſired to return it ſoon to the Printer hereof, and ſhall be thankfully rewarded.

WILLIAM MURRAY, Taylor, in the Mannor of Moreland, two miles from Fletcher's mill, on the road between Philadelphia and Newtown, gives a penny a pound for linnen RAGS.

To be SOLD Peremptorily,

To the highest Bidder, on Thursday the Fourteenth Day of May next, in the City of Burlington in West-Jersey.

A TRACT of Land situate on the Brauches of Tohockanickon river, in Hunterdon county, now Morris county, in the province of West-New-Jersey, beginning at a white oak corner tree mark'd M. C. thence extending along lines of Trees, viz. north ten degrees east, sixty-six chains, crossing the said river, to a corner white oak standing on a little hill, thence north twenty nine degrees west, one hundred forty-five chains to a corner-post; thence west, sixty-two chains to a corner black oak, thence south twenty five degrees west, one hundred and forty eight chains to a marked pine tree; thence south eighty degrees east, eighty six chains, crossiing the said river to a marked white oak; thence south twenty three degrees east; eighty chains, to a white oak; thence north sixty five degrees east, by Governor Penn's land, ninety chains, to the Place of beginning, containing two thousand five hundred and eleven acres, and the usual allowance for high-ways.

Any person inclining to purchase the said Land, by applying to White and Taylor in Philadelphia, may be informed as to the title, and terms of payment, and may see a plan of the said land in the hands of Joseph Peace, Esq; of Trenton.

ABRAHAM SHELLY,

THREAD Throwster, living next Door to the Adam and Eve, in Arch-street, Philadelphia, continues to buy fine grey yarn, about 2, 3, or 4 dozen to the pound, but mostly half Spangle, long and long. He also makes and sells all sorts of fine Taylors Thread and Stocking Thread, at reasonable Rates.

THIS is to give publick Notice to all Persons indebted to Evan Morgan, shopkeeper, in Market-Street, Philadelphia, by bond, bill, or account, that they are desired to come speedily and pay off their respective debts, without any farther notice or delay, otherwise they may expect to be proceeded against as the law directs. The reason of this publick notice is, many of the said debtors live very distant from one another, not only in this province, but also in the Lower Counties and New-Jersey; and many of them many years standing; private notice having hitherto proved ineffectual: and those that have any demands against the said Evan Morgan, are desired to bring in their accounts that they may be discharged.

The said Evan Morgan has various sorts of goods, imported from London, to sell by wholesale, as follows, black and other colour'd taffities, Persians, silk handkerchiefs, sewing and stitching balandine, three corded silks, callicoes, cambricks, check linnens, variety of womens fans, womens, girls and childrens stays, stay trimmings, silver lace, silver trimming, for men's cloaths, all sorts of necessaries for mourning apparel, ribbons, silk and ferret laces, variety of shoe buckles, Pins and Needles, all sorts of cutlery, and divers other sorts of haberdashery too tedious to mention; also a very neat two wheel Chair. He likewise sells all sorts of goods by retail at his shop as usual very reasonable for ready Money, and will take Three Pound in Twenty, or in proportion for a larger or smaller sum, in pennies at the old rate; where any person may have choice good tea, coffee, loaf sugar; canary and madeira wine by the gallon at the lowest prices. Evan Morgan.

Just published,

A *Particular* CONSIDERATION *of a Piece, entitled the* QUERISTS: *Wherein sundry Passages extracted from the printed Sermons, Letters and Journals of the Rev. Mr. Whitefield are vindicated from the false Glosses and erroneous Senses put upon them in said Queristsi; Mr. Whitefield's Soundness in the true Scheme of the Christian Doctrine maintained; and the Author's disingenuous Dealing with him exposed.* By SAMUEL BLAIR. *Prov.* xviii. 17. He that is first in his own Cause, seemeth just; but his Neighbour cometh and searcheth him. *Philadelphia Printed and sold by B. Franklin,* 1741.

LOST on Wednesday the 8th of this Instant April, at Mr. Hays at Kensington, a small pocket book tyed round with a green ferret string, wherein there was enclosed two five shilling bills, and an account with Mr. Johnson. If the person who casually took the said pocket book off the table at Mr. Hays, will leave it with the printer hereof, shall be well rewarded, and no questions asked.

THE Subscribers to the Library in Philadelphia are hereby advertised, that Monday the fourth of May ensuing, at Two in the Afternoon, is the Time appointed for the Company's Choice of Directors and a Treasurer for the succeeding Year, and for making the Ninth Annual Payment, in the Library Room belonging to the State-House.

April 16. 1741. J. BREINTNALL, Secr.

TO BE SOLD

A LIKELY Negro Wench fit for Town or Country. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

TO BE LET

A Good PLANTATION in Lower Dublin, Philadelphia County, containing 160 *Acres, well meadow'd, fine Orchard of good Fruit: With a likely young Negro Fellow, and a Stock of Horses and Cows. Enquire of Joseph Boore at the said Plantation.*

TO BE SOLD

A Good PLANTATION in Haverford Township, Chester County, containing 208 *Acres of good Land, well timber'd and watered, about* 80 *Acres cleared and* 7 *Acres of good Meadow and more to clear; with two dwelling Houses, Kitchen, Shop, Springhouse, Barn, and other out Houses, with two Orchards, and very convenient to Meeting, Mill, and Smith, and about* 9 *Miles from Philadelphia. Any Person or Persons inclining to purchase the same, may apply to the Subscriber hereof, living on the said Plantation and know further.* Amos Lewis.

RUN away on the 6th Inst. from William Branson's Furnace, called Reading, in the Township of Nantmel, Chester County, a Native Irish Servant Man, named Matthew Burn, well set, of middle Stature, likely and full fac'd, fresh Complexion. fair hair'd but wears a red and white cotton Cap: Had on when he went away, a felt Hat, a bluish grey double breasted Jacket, with brass Buttous, black callimanco Jacket and Breeches, ozenbrigs Shirt, yarn tockings, and new Shoes,

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servant, so that his Master may have him again, shall have Three Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges paid by

Phila. April 9. 1741. Francis M'Connal.

N. B. He is supposed to be in Company with one Bryan Kennedy, pockfretten, a native Irishman, a Servant to George Lion, of the same Township.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of John Redwitzer, Taylor, in Plymouth Township, Philadelphia County, deceased, are desired to pay the same; and those who have any Accounts against the said Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted.

Phila. April 9. 1741. Katherine Redwitzer, Executrix.

Lately Imported from LONDON,

Aud to be Sold cheap for ready Money, by SAMUEL FOGG, *at the Store next to Mr. Bridges, in Water-Street, Philadelphia.*

BROAD Cloths fine and coarse, narrow Garlix, Dowlass, Ozenbrigs and Sheeting Linnen, Dunjars, Shaggreen, flower'd Damask, strip'd Cotton, Women's cotton Gowns, cotton Petticoats, Counterpanes, strip'd Camlets, plain Callimancoes, Crapes, worsted Caps, Men's Hose, Women's silk Girdles, and Painters Colours.

Just Imported from LONDON,

And to be Sold by PETER DELAGE, *over-against James Steel's, in Second-Street, Philadelphia.*

DOUBLE and single refin'd Sugar, choice Bohea and excellent green TEA, to be Sold at reasonable Rates: The said Peter Delage intending to remove out of this Province, desires all Persons indebted to him to pay the same, and if any Person has any demands against him, by bringing in their Accounts they will be answer'd immediately.

MICHAEL BROWN,

Silk-Dyer, From LONDON;

STILL continues to live next Door to Mr. Joshua Emlen, Tanner, in Chesnut-Street, Philadelphia; where all Persons may have all sorts of Silks, quilted Coats or Gowns, Silk Stockings, or Gloves, and Camblet Cloaks, scower'd dyed and dressed; Burdets and Tabbys water'd; Mens Clothes dry-or wet-scowr'd; Linnen or Cotton dy'd blue, green or yellow; likewise Mildew or stains taken out of new Pieces of Silks, Stuffs, or Worsteds, that are damag'd at Sea; all done with the greatest Expedition, and to as much Perfection as in London.

N. B. *All sorts of Worsteds and Stuffs, scower'd and pressed, very reasonably, and well.*

TO BE LET,

A Commodious House for entertainment, by Thomas Broom, in Market-Street, Wilmington, being in that use fince built, with convenient kitchen, oven, well and stable; also a pasture of five acres under good post and rail fence. Enquire at said House for particulars and be further inform'd.

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